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Application No.: 10/764,484

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## Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) An information processing apparatus comprising:

a data storing device means;

first and second data input/output <u>devices</u> means-for giving access to the data storing <u>device</u> means;

a clock generating means for device comprising a clock oscillating section generating a normal clock signal to be supplied supplying a clock signal to the first and the second data input/output means devices, and a clock wait control section generating a wait clock signal having a cycle which is integer times as much as the normal clock signal has;

switching means for a control signal selector switching access of the first data input/output device means or the second data input/output device means to the data storing device means; and

an access arranging device means for causing the clock oscillating section to stop the normal clock signal to the second data input/output device means to be stopped for one clock cycle, causing the clock wait control section to supply the wait clock signal to the second data input/output device, [[and]] not allowing the second data input/output device means to access the data storing device means for one clock cycle, and for executing the access of the first data input/output device means for the one clock cycle when a contention of the access of the first data input/output device means and the second data input/output device means to the data storing

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device means is generated, and [[for]] starting the access of the second data input/output device means after the access of the first data input/output device means for the one clock cycle is ended.

2. (Currently Amended) An information processing apparatus comprising:

a built-in memory;

a processor for processing data stored in the built-in memory;

a clock generating means device comprising a clock oscillating section generating a normal clock signal to be supplied for supplying a clock signal to the processor, and a clock wait control section generating a wait clock signal having a cycle which is integer times as much as the normal clock signal has;

an input/output control device means for executing access to the built-in memory upon receipt of an instruction from an external control device; and

an access arranging device means causing the clock oscillating section to stop the normal clock signal for one clock cycle, causing the clock wait control section to supply the wait clock signal to the processor, for generating a wait request signal to eause the clock signal to be stopped for one clock eyele and carrying out access of the input/output control device means with a priority when a contention of access of the processor and the input/output control device means to the built-in memory is generated.

3. (Currently Amended) The information processing apparatus according to claim 2, further comprising a selecting device means for switching the access of the processor and the input/output control device means to the built-in memory,

wherein the access arranging device means outputs a control signal to the selecting

device means when a request for the access of the input/output control device means to the built-

in memory is generated during the access of the processor to the built-in memory, and

the selecting device means receiving the control signal switches the access of the

processor to the access of the input/output control device means to the built-in memory.

4. (Currently Amended) The information processing apparatus according to claim 2,

further comprising a holding device means for holding read data output from the built-in memory

before a wait operation of the processor during the wait operation of the processor,

wherein the access arranging device means switches read data to be supplied to the

processor between the read data output from the built-in memory and the read data held by the

holding device means.

5. (Currently Amended) A memory access arranging method of an information

processing apparatus including data storing device, means and first and second data input/output

devices means for giving access to the data storing device means, and a clock generating device

comprising a clock oscillating section generating a normal clock signal for supplying to the first

and the second data input/output devices and a clock wait control section generating a wait clock

signal having a cycle which is integer times as much as the normal clock signal has, the method

comprising the steps of:

providing the normal clock signal to the first and second data input/output devices;

providing the clock wait signal to causing a cause the normal clock signal for the second

data input/output device means to be stopped for one clock cycle and not allowing the second

data input/output device means to access the data storing device means for one clock cycle when

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a contention of the access of the first data input/output device means and the second data input/output device means to the data storing device means is generated;

executing the access of the first data input/output device means earlier than the second data input/output device means; and

canceling the stop of the clock signal of the second data input/output device means after ending the access of the first data input/output device means, and executing the access of the second data input/output device means.

(Currently Amended) A memory access arranging method of an information processing apparatus including a processor for carrying out a pipeline processing over an instruction, a memory provided in the processor, and an input/output control device means-for executing access to the memory with a higher priority than the processor, and a clock generating device comprising a clock oscillating section generating a normal clock signal for supplying to the processor and the data input/output device, and a clock wait control section generating a wait clock signal having a cycle which is integer times as much as the normal clock signal has, the method comprising the steps of:

providing the normal clock signal to the processor and the data input/output device;

generating a wait request signal for causing a clock signal supplied to the processor to be stopped for one clock cycle when a contention of access of the processor and the input/output control device means to the memory is generated;

providing the clock wait signal to cause the normal clock signal for the processor to be stopped for one clock cycle and not allowing the processor to access the memory for one clock cycle when a contention of the access of the data input/output device and the processor to the memory is generated;

switching the access of the processor to the access of the input/output control device means to the memory, and

canceling the wait request signal after ending the access of the input/output control device means to the memory, and executing the access of the processor to the memory.

7. (Currently Amended) A memory access arranging method of an information processing apparatus having a processor for carrying out a pipeline processing over an instruction, a memory provided in the processor, an input/output control\_device means for executing access to the memory with a higher priority than the processor, a clock generating device comprising a clock oscillating section generating a normal clock signal for supplying to the processor and the data input/output device, and a clock wait control section generating a wait clock signal having a cycle which is integer times as much as the normal clock signal has, and a holding device means for holding read data output from the memory before a wait operation of the processor during the wait operation of the processor, comprising the steps of:

providing the normal clock signal to the processor and the data input/output device;

holding the read data output from the memory before the wait operation of the processor when a contention of read access of the input/output control device means is generated for a period in which the processor gives continuous read access to the memory;

providing the clock wait signal to cause the normal clock signal for eausing a clock signal supplied to the processor to be stopped;

executing the access of the input/output control device means to the memory; and

canceling the stop of the clock signal of the processor after ending the access of the input/output control device means to the memory, supplying the data held in the holding device means to the processor, and restarting the access of the processor to the memory.